## Not Him, the Other Guy Ebed-Melech

## (Jeremiah 37-38)

- Introduction: 1. If I were to ask you where we read about the Ethiopian Eunuch, most people would answer, "Acts 8."
  - 2. Of course, that would be true, but I'm not talking about him, I'm talking about the other Ethiopian Eunuch, named "Ebed-Melech."
  - 3. Most people don't remember reading about another Ethiopian Eunuch in the Bible, but there he is, tucked away in a rather well-known Bible story.
  - 4. Let's see if we cannot uncover some practical applications from what the Bible records about him.

## I. Historical Background of the Text

- A. Babylon was besieging the city of Jerusalem (37:5).
- B. Babylon received news that Egypt was coming from the South to help Jerusalem, so they temporarily lifted their siege (37:5).
- C. During this time, Jeremiah prophesied that Babylon would return and destroy Jerusalem (37:7-10).
- D. Jeremiah was arrested, charged with being a traitor (37:11-16).
- E. King Zedekiah sends for Jeremiah and Jeremiah tells him the bad news. After counsel, the King decides to imprison Jeremiah once again (37:17-38:6).
- F. This is when Ebed-Melech came to Jeremiah's defense (38:8-13).

## II. Practical Lessons from This Ethiopian Eunuch

- A. He knew the difference between right and wrong.
  - 1. This is something that our present culture has seemingly lost the ability to discern.
  - 2. (Isaiah 5:20).
    - a. What God calls an abomination, we call gay (Romans 1:26-27).
    - b. Taking innocent life is called choice (Proverbs 6:17).
    - c. Rejection of God is called scientific fact (Romans 1:20-22).
    - d. False doctrine is called Christian liberty (2 John 9-11).
  - 3. We've become a society of euphemisms in order to salve our consciences.
    - a. Adultery is called an affair.
    - b. Fornication is called love.
    - c. Lying is called misinformation.
    - d. Murder is called the right to choose.
    - e. Cursing is called colorful language.
    - f. We don't even fail in school anymore, we achieve a deficiency.

- B. He had concern for another in the midst of his own personal trouble.
  - 1. (Matthew 22:34-40).
  - 2. (Romans 12:10).
  - 3. (Philippians 2:4).
- C. His concern led him to action.
  - 1. (James 2:14-17).
  - 2. (Luke 10:29-37),
  - 3. (James 1:22; 4:17).
- D. He went the second mile.
  - 1. (Jeremiah 38:12).
    - a. Putting cloths around the ropes was not necessary to get him out of the well.
    - b. It was all about comfort and kindness.
  - 2. (Matthew 5:38-42).
- Conclusion: 1. Just as in the days of Jeremiah, God needs people of courage and compassion today.
  - 2. Would you have stood up for Jeremiah if you were one of his contemporaries?
  - 3. Will you stand up for Jesus today?